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B.Sc. (Part-I) Semester-I Examination

1S: INDUSTRIAL CHEMISTRY (R/V)

Time:	: Th	ree	Hou	rs]			[]	Maximum Marks: 80	
Note :—(1)			Question No. 1 is compulsory and carries 8 marks.						
	((2)	Remaining six questions carry 12 marks each.						
	((3)	Give chemical equations and draw diagrams wherever necessary.						
	((4)	Use of calculator is allowed.						
1. (A) I	Fill	in the blanks:						
	((i)	Unit of calorific value in MKS system						
	((ii)	The	sum of atomic weigh	ghts of atoms	pres	sent in molecule i	is called	
	((iii)	is capacity of body to do work.						
	((iv)	Phys	sical quantities such	as length, m	iass	time etc. are rega	arded as units.	
(F	B) (Cho	ose o	ose correct alternatives :					
	((i)	Fluid static deals with study of fluid at:						
			(a)	Rest		(b)	Motion		
			(c)	Dynamic		(d)	None of these		
	((ii)	Whi	ich of the following	is a derived	unit	?		
			(a)	m;		(b)	kg;		
			(c)	m/s		(d)	lb		
	(iii) The enthalpy change (i.e. heat evolved or a same whether the reaction takes place in one					37			
			(a)	Newton's law		(b)	Hess's law		
			(c)	Bayle's law		(d)	Avogadro's law		
	((iv)	Molecular weight of H ₃ PO ₄ is 98. Its equivalent weight is:						
			(a)	49		(b)	32.66		
			(c)	33		(d)	49.5	2	
(0	C) .	Ans	wer	in one sentence:					
	((i)	Wha	at is crystallization	?		×		
	((ii)	Def	ine Latent heat of p	hase change.				
	((iii)	Wha	at is Mole Fraction	?				
	((iv)	Stat	e Dalton's law of pr	essure.			4	
					UNIT-I				
2. (8	a)]	Exp	lain	the terms:					
	((a)	Nor	mality		(b)	Molarity		
	((c)	Der	ived unit		(d)	Specific heat	4	
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	(0)	Calculate the molecular weight of :							
		(a) $KMnO_4$ (b) $K_2Cr_2O_7$							
		(c) KCl (d) KOII							
		(atomic wt of $K = 39 \text{ Mn} = 55$, O-16, $Cr = 52$, $H = 1$, $Cl = 35.5$)							
	(c)	29.25 gm of Sodium Chloride is dissolved in 1000 ml of water. Find Normality and							
		Molarity of solution.							
		OR							
3.	(p)	Write the SI units of:							
		(a) Length (b) Mass							
		(c) Time (d) Temperature 4							
	(q)	An aqueous Solution of sodium hydroxide is prepared by dissolving 20 kg of NaOH							
		in 100 kg of water. Find wt % and mole % composition of Solution.							
	(+)	(Mol. wt. of NaOH = $40F$, $H_2O = 18$)							
	(r)	Convert the following: (a) Length = 3ft into meter (b) Mass 1 kg in 1b							
		(a) Length = 3ft into meter (b) Mass 1 kg in 1b (c) Volume = 3m³ into 1 (d) Pressure = 2 atm into mm of Hg 4							
		UNIT-II							
4.	(a)	What is evaporation? Give its overall and individual material balance.							
1.	(b)								
	(0)	(i) Stoichiometric coefficient							
		(ii) Stoichiometric equation							
	(c)	The carbon monoxide is reacted with hydrogen to produce methanol.							
	, ,	Calculate from the reaction:							
		(i) Stoichiometric ratio of H ₂ & CO							
		(ii) Kmoles of CH ₃ OH produced per Kmole of CO reacted.							
		OR							
5.	(p)	What is crystallization? Give its overall and individual material balance.							
	(q)	Explain in brief: Yield and Selectivity.							
	(r)								
		caustic soda by weight and is concentrated to get thick liquor containing 40% by							
		weight caustic (NaOH). Calculate:							
		(i) kg/h of water evaporated							
		(ii) kg/h of thick liquor obtained.							
		UNIT-III							
6.	(a)	Company of the control of the contro							
		(1) Heat of formation							
	71.5	(2) Heat of combustion.							
	(b)	A Constitution of the Cons							
	(c)	Explain in detail Biomass energy. OR							
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7.	(p)	Define:					
		(1) Latent heat of vaporization.					
		(2) Latent heat of sublimation.					
		(3) Latent heat of fusion.					
		(4) Heat of Reaction.	4				
	(q)	What are the uses of Solar energy? How is it used in heating water?	4				
	(r)	Explain tidal power.	4				
		UNIT-IV					
8.	(a)	Describe Ultimate Analysis of Coal.	4				
	(b)	b) Give an account of origin of Petroleum.					
	(c)	Describe distillation of coal tar.	4				
		OR					
9.	(p)	Discuss mining of Petroleum.	4				
	(q)	Explain manufacturing of water gas with diagram.	4				
	(r)	Write in brief on different types of coal.	4				
		UNIT-V					
10.	(a)	Write in brief filmwise and dropwise condensation.	4				
	(b)	State and explain Fourier's law.	4				
	(c)	c) Explain conduction modes of heat transfer.					
		OR					
11.	(p)	Explain the phenomenon of pool boiling.	4				
	(q)	Write a brief account on force and free convections.	4				
	(r)	What are heat exchangers? Explain parallel heat exchanger.	4				
		UNIT-VI					
12.	(a)	Explain U-tube manometer and Pitot tube.	6				
	(b)	Describe construction and working of reciprocating pump.	6				
		OR					
13.	(p)	Describe orifice meter on the basis of construction and working.	6				
	(q)	Explain Reynold's number with Reynold's Experiment.	6				